Maddeson Lines - First Generation

1. Isaac Maddeson. Born in 1590 in London, England (historically Scotland). Isaac died in West Sherlow, Virginia, in 1624; he was 34.

A descendant of Edward I of England.

Encyclopedia of Virginia biography, under the editorial supervision of Lyon Tyler.

(edited by Lyon Gardiner Tyler)

Isaac Maddeson, came to Virginia in 1608, only a year after the founding of Jamestown, and was employed in exploring the country and probably in making maps, etc. He went to England in 1620 and while there, on July 10, 1621, the Virginia Company, in recognition of his services in the colony, presented him with two shares in the company. He seems to have returned to Virginia shortly, for immediately after the massacre of 1622, we find him actively employed against the Indians and becoming one of the best known soldiers of the colony. About the first of July, 1622, the governor sent Capt. Isaac Maddeson with thirty odd men to the Patomac, where it was thought corn could be purchased from the friendly Indians and a possible alliance with them be formed against the hostile tribes. Maddeson conducted the affair very badly, and, notwithstanding orders to the contrary was soon at odds with the well-disposed savages. He was led into this by tales of a conspiracy on the part of the Indians, which though quite unfounded, moved him into an indefensible treachery against them whereby he captured the chief and his son and killed many of their unfortunate tribesmen. The captives were finally ransomed for a quantity of corn. Such perfidy did not pass altogether unnoticed by the better men among the colonists, and a complaint was taken to court which bitterly denounced Maddeson and his confederates. Proceedings were about to be instituted against them, but Maddeson left for England at about this time. But Maddeson's act was not as unpopular as it deserved to be. After the massacre of 1622, people felt that there was nothing too bad for the Indians and they lacked discrimination to except the tribes who were not responsible for the outrage. It thus happened that Maddeson became quite a hero with a large element of the populace. Maddeson's stay in England was a short one and he soon returned to Virginia and once more took part in the colony's affairs, being even employed again against the Indians. He was commissioned a member of the council, Aug. 26, 1624, but probably died before his commission reached him.

<u>Virginia, Prominent Families</u>, Vol. 1-4; Volume IV Chapter XIII Hite, Madison, Fontaine and Maury Families.

Madison Family.

"In a state document in London, there is a list of colonists who came to America in 1623, only seventeen years after the first landing of colonists at Jamestown in 1607. Among them was the name of Capt. Isaac Madyson, whose gallantry in the war with the "salvages," in 1622, Capt. John Smith so highly commended in his "History of Virginia," published in London, 1629, and reprinted in Richmond in 1819. In 1653 we find the record of a patent taken out by John Madison for lands lying between York and North rivers. This John Madison is thought to have been the son of Capt. Isaac Madyson. He was the father of John Madison, Jr., and grandfather of Ambrose Madison, of Montpelier, who married (in 1721) Frances Taylor, daughter of James Taylor, of Orange Co., Va. From this marriage sprang most of the Madisons who settled on the east side of the Blue Ridge (*Mountains*).

Isaac Madison:

- (1) On 4 June 1623, there was an examination of Isack Madeson about the supposed contract of marriage between Grivell Pooley and Mrs. Sysley Jordan,
- (2) On 23 July 1623, there is a reference to Capt. Isaack Madison marching against the great Weyonacques a week before. [Virginia Colonial Records Project at the Virginia State Library]
- (3) On 28 October 1623, a Warrant was issued to Capt. Madison to recruit 40 men from the plantation under his control (Flowerdieu Hundred upward) and to muster the men in James City by November 3rd for an attack on the Indians. [Virginia Colonial Records Project at the Virginia State Library]

- (4) On 20 November 1623, a Warrant was issued to Isaac Madison to organize a levy on tobacco, corn and sassafras in all plantations above Flowerdieu Hundred.
- (5) Isack Maddeson (Capt.) was listed among the dead at West & Sherley and at Sherley Hundred in VA in 1624. [Source: Adventurers of Purse and Person, by _____, page 16]
- (a) Note: Some genealogical charts claim that this Isaac Maddeson was the father of John Maddeson, Sr., mentioned above. This allegation is unproven and to this author seems very questionable and at this point appears purely to be supposition since there has yet to be will information or primary source documention we have included this dialog for further research.

Immigrated 1619 (or maybe 1623). Appointed to "The Council" in 1624. Listed in Register of Qualifying 17th Century Ancestors of the Jamestown Society. Died in VA Indian war.

Sources: 1.Title: **Passenger and Immigration Lists Index, 1500s-1900s** Author: Gale Research Publication: *Online publication* - Provo, UT, USA: The Generations Network, Inc., 2009.Original data - Filby, P. William, ed.. Passenger and Immigration Lists Index, 1500s-1900s. Farmington Hills, MI, USA: Gale Research, 2009.Original data: Filby, P. William, ed.. Passe Note:

Place: Virginia; Year: 1623; Page Number: 40. Note:

http://trees.ancestry.com/rd?f=sse&db=pili354&h=3992026&ti=0&indiv=try&gss=pt Note: Text: Arrival date: 1623Arrival place: Virginia 2.Title: U.S. and International Marriage Records, 1560-1900 Author: Yates Publishing Publication: Online publication - Provo, UT, USA: The Generations Network, Inc., 2004.Original data - This unique collection of records was extracted from a variety of sources including family group sheets and electronic databases. Originally, the information was derived Note:

Page: Source number: 93.000; Source type: Electronic Database; Number of Pages: 1; Submitter Code: STR. Note: http://trees.ancestry.com/rd?f=sse&db=worldmarr_ga&h=282057&ti=0&indiv=try&gss=pt Note: Text: Birth date: 1578Birth place: 3.Title: Virginia Census, 1607-1890 Author: Jackson, Ron V., Accelerated Indexing Systems, comp. Publication: Online publication - Provo, UT, USA: The Generations Network, Inc., 1999.Original data - Compiled and digitized by Mr. Jackson and AIS from microfilmed schedules of the U.S. Federal Decennial Census, territorial/state censuses, and/or census substitutes.

Note: http://trees.ancestry.com/rd?f=sse&db=vacen&h=34018362&ti=0&indiv=try&gss=pt Note: Text: Residence date: 1624Residence place: West Sherlow (100), VA 4.Title: Passenger and Immigration Lists Index, 1500s-1900s Author: Gale Research Publication: Online publication - Provo, UT, USA: The Generations Network, Inc., 2009.Original data - Filby, P. William, ed.. Passenger and Immigration Lists Index, 1500s-1900s. Farmington Hills, MI, USA: Gale Research, 2009.Original data: Filby, P. William, ed.. Passe Note:

Place: Virginia; Year: 1623; Page Number: 172. Note:

http://trees.ancestry.com/rd?f=sse&db=pili354&h=3992027&ti=0&indiv=try&gss=pt Note: Text: Arrival date: 1623Arrival place: Virginia 5.Title: Ancestry Family Trees Publication: Online publication - Provo, UT, USA: Ancestry.com. Original data: Family Tree files submitted by Ancestry members. Note: This information comes from 1 or more individual Ancestry Family Tree files. This source citation points you to a current version of those files. Note: The owners of these tree files may have removed or changed information since this source citation was created. Page: Ancestry Family Trees Note: Text: http://trees.ancestry.com/pt/AMTCitationRedir.aspx?tid=11891830&pid=-51793243

Isaac married Mary Councilor. Born in 1605 in England. Mary died in Virginia.

They had one known child:

2 i. John Sr. (1625-~1683)

Second Generation

2. John Maddison Sr. Born in 1625 in St. Stephens Parish, New Kent, VA. John died in King & Queens Co., Va., abt 16 Apr 1683; he was 58. Occupation: Ship's carpenter.

Surname is also seen spelled Maddeson and Maddyson plus other variations.

Information gleaned from online gedcom by Norvan@norvco.net

Questionable if this John is a son of Isaac... no proof has been located to indicate this is true (such as a will or mention in any records). See notes under Isaac.

Per many authors obviously copying from the same source - the Madison line began in America with this patriarch who came to Virginia in 1653.

Referenced information The Civil War: A Constitutional Conflict By Terry Jansen Page 44

Madison's acquisition of land began on the Tidewater, when James Madison's (President) great-great grandfather, a ship's carpenter named John Maddison secured six hundred acres of land through the "headright" system. Under this system, he received fifty acres for each of twelve immigrants, who passage he paid from England. Before his death around 1683, John Maddison secured thirteen hundred more acres from "headrights" on York River and its northern branch, Mattaponi in King and Queen and King William Counties. His son, John, continued his family's acquisition of land and he became a member of the substantial gentry, serving as sheriff and justice of the peace of King and Queen County. (Jansen quotes Ketcham's work from 1994, 1-3 Ambrose & Frances Taylor Madison's Family Connections)

John Maddison's three sons John, Henry, and Ambrose, who apparently preferred the "Madison" spelling of the family name, acquired tracts of land further inland. By 1728 Ambrose owned over 5,000 acres and his holdings stretched to the Piedmont. In 1721 he had married Frances Taylor, eldest daughter of James Taylor II. Their only son James Madison Sr. was born in 1723, six years after Ambrose moved his family to Orange Co. (Ketcham 1994, 1, 3, 5)

Ralph Ketcham's biography of President James Madison contains most of the replication of information utilized by most authors in detailing the family line. Some list sons as John, Henry and "Ambrose", which <u>is impossible</u> since Ambrose was born in 1699 - sixteen years after the death of John Sr.

John married Maria Ambrose. Born in 1632 in Kent Co., England. Maria died in Virginia.

They had the following children:

- 3 i. Capt. John Jr. (1658-1725)
 - ii. Henry. Born in 1659. Henry died in Jan 1706; he was 47.

There doesn't seem to be any information available as to whether or not Henry ever married.

1701, an inventory of the the munitions of King & Queen Co., VA., was taken and certain munitions were listed as being at the residence of Mr. Henry Madison in King & Queen Co.

3/12/1702-2, Henry Madison, Justice, signed a Petition of Inhabitants of King & Queen Co., VA, to the King giving him support on an issue.

7/8/1702, Henry Madison a Justice in King William Co., VA.

8/20/1703 Henry deeded 280 acres from Richard Littlepage, located in St. John's Parish, King William Co., VA, adjacent to John Austin/Osteen, George

Pemberton, John Williams, Henry Madison's Fense and Madison's Rowling Road. 1704 (S) VA Quit Rent Rolls: Henry Maddison, 650 acres in King & Queen Co.,

1/21/1705-6, Henry received a Power of Attorney from his mother.

Third Generation

3. Capt. John Maddison Jr. Born in 1658-1661 in King & Queens Co., Va. John died in King & Queens Co., Va., on 24 Mar 1725; he was 67 in 1690. Occupation: Sheriff of K&Q county in 1704.

Most all of this information was gathered from the Internet. Whenever possible the resource materials are documented below:

John married **Isabel Minor Todd**.

9/24/1680 John, "ship carpenter, of St. Stephens Parish, New Kent Co., VA", deeded the land bought by his father in 1678 to Thomas Williamson. *Old Rappahannock Co., VA*, Deed Book 7, P26.

4/16/1683 John Maddison Jr received a land patent of 430 acres in St. Stephens Parish, New Kent Co., VA on the North side of the Mattapony River, adjacent to Robert Bagbie, John Miles, Mr. Chamberland, 300 acres of which was formerly granted to John Madison Sr., deceased, on 18 March 1662 (S) PB 7, P246.

1685, John Maddison was a mate on the ship "Betty" which carried prisoners from Dorset County, England, to Barbados. The prisoners were convicted rebels who participated in Monmouth's Rebellion in England. (per **Early Virginia Immigrants** by Hotten)

6/24/1687, Christopher Eastwick wrote his will in which he says John Maddison, mariner, is aboard the ship "Betty" of London now bound for Barbados, James Quiker master. (S) **Barbados Records, Wills and Administrations**, by Sanders, V2, P103.)

6/1699, John and Thomas Perring granted 600 acres. (S) <u>English Duplicates of Lost Virginia Records</u>, Louis des Cognets Jr, PP57&62.

10/23/1703, John Madison received a land patent of 300 acres in King William Co., VA on Upper Herring Creek, South East side of Perry's Swamp. (S) *PB* 9, *P553*.

There are multiple deeds of other persons of this time with references to a bridge "a little below" and to "Madison's new plantation", or to "Maddison's Mill Dam".

1704 (S) VA Quit Rent Rolls: JNo. Maddison, 500 acres in King & Queen Co., VA.

1704, John Sheriff of King & Queen Co.

1/20/1705-6, John Madison (and his wife Isabella) of St. Stephens Parish, King & Queen Co., VA sold 300 acres in King William Co., VA on Herring Creek to George Purchase. (S) <u>Virginia Colonial Abstracts</u>, Fleet, V2, P292.

1/21/1705-6, Isabella Madison signed a Power of Attorney giving it to Henry Madison to acknowledge her signature on the deed. The witnesses to the Power of Attorney were Edward Eastham and John Madison, Jr. [Here this is John III].

3/23/1705-6, 2000 acres was surveyed for John Maddison and Henry Pigg on the Fork of the Mattapony River. (S) **English Duplicates of Lost Virginia Records**, Louis des Cognets Jr, PP88-89.

4/26/1707, John appointed a gentleman Justice in King & Queen Co., VA. (S) <u>English Duplicates of Lost Virginia Records</u>, Louis des Cognets, Jr., P3.

4/28/1714, John appointed as Sheriff of King & Queen Co.

6/16/1714, John and neighbor Daniel Coleman patented 2000 acres on the Upper Mattapony River. (S) *PB10*, *P168.4*

4/1/1717, John Madison, ... received a land patent of 1860 acres in King & Queen Co., VA on a fork of the Mattapony River, 16 miles above inhabitants in King & Queen Co. (S) *PB 10*, *P319*.

3/21/1722-3, John Maddison deeded land to Richard Owen.

Bef. 3/24/1725 John died in VA. (S) Patent of his son John on this date.

1726-1727 Isabell Madison named in an account book. (S) See Ambrose – these dates.

(S) The James Madison Center, James Madison University.

Family notes:

• Middle names were not in general use in VA in the 17th Century, and were more uncommon for women than men. It seems unlikely that Isabella would have a middle name. President James Madison's handwritten genealogy names his wife as "D. P. Todd." President James Madison married Dolly Payne, the daughter of John Payne and Mary Coles. Dolly Payne was previously married to John Todd before marrying James Madison, Jr. When naming his wife in his chart he called her by her previous married name and only used an initial "P" for her maiden name. It would be consistent for him to have done the same with Isabella Minor Todd if she was a widow of Mr. Todd at the time of her marriage to John Madison, Jr. Sometimes Isabel is cited as a daughter of Thomas Todd, died Baltimore MD, 1679. He had 4 daughters, none named Isabel.

Some researchers show children as:

Henry

Thomas

James

Ambrose

Eleanor m. James Coleman

Roger m. Elizabeth Taliaferro

Mary m. Samuel Brockman

John III m. Eliza Minor and Agatha Strother

"William and Mary College Quarterly"

Vol. 9 No. 1, July 1900

Chart Pedigree of Madison Family

Pages 37-40

Page 38 John Madison married Isabella Todd

Children:

Ambrose m. Frances Taylor and resided in Spotsylvania County, grandfather of President James Madison. Capt. John, first clerk of West Augusta Co. And proceeds to detail the President's information.

John married **Isabella Minor Todd**, daughter of Capt. Thomas Todd & Anne Gorsuch. Born in 1663. Isabella Minor died in 1732; she was 69.

They had the following children:

- 4 i. John III (1679-1716)
 - ii. Elizabeth. Born in 1685. Elizabeth died in Caroline Co., VA., aft 1741; she was 56. Elizabeth married **John Penn**. Born in 1680. John died in 1741; he was 61.
 - iii. Ann. Born abt 1690.
 - iv. Mary. Born abt 1693. Mary married **Samuel Brockman**.
- 5 v. Thomas (~1693-1754)
- **6** vi. Ambrose (1699-1732)
 - vii. Henry. Born abt 1700.

6/22/1722 Henry Madison sold 380 acres from a land patent of "John Pigg and John Madison, father of Henry Madison, dated 4 July 1664." (S) PB 11, P106. 9/28/1728 Henry Madison, brother to Ambrose Madison, of King & Queen Co. received a land patent of 1000 acres in Spotsylvania Co., adjacent to James Madison. (S) PB 13, P352.

Henry married Elizabeth Coleman.

Bef. 8/1757 Henry died. (S) See children.

Children:

1. Isabell Madison, born 1736-1742.

8/1757, she chose Tschner Degraffenreid as her guardian. (S) *Lunenburg Co.*, *Court Order* B4, P335.

2. Henry Madison Jr, born 1740-1743.

8/1757, he chose his uncle Roger Madison as his guardian. (S) *Lunenburg Co., Court Order* B4, P335.

He married **Martha White**.

He was listed as alive in 1809.

On 1st July 1809 (June 9, 1809 as per Margaret Amundson), Josiah Jackson wrote a letter to President James Madison that says:

"Hond. & Dr. Sir (as written)

Thinking by this time the may addressed from different quarters of the Union, congratulating you on filling the Presidential Chair being somewhat subsided: I (tho' a stranger) have presumed on your precious moments to convey to you a few lines in the way of a private letter, some account of a distant Branch of your Family Which I thought might not be althogether ungratifying to you to hear from.

The head of which is an Old Gentleman by the name of Henry Madison about 65 years of age who is son of Henry Madison who has been long dead, I believe of Caroline, he I understand was Brother to your Grand Father Ambrous. This old gentleman has resided in the County of Charlotte upwards of 40 years on the waters of Stanton River, near Rough Creek Church. He married about the time he settled here to one Martha White late of Hanrico. They have rais'd a large family Black & white, Eleven children of ther own 4 sons & 7 Daughters. The Oldest Son married and now dead leving Isue - second infirm, the two last promising young men perticularly the youngest by the name of James about 20 yrs. of age as has been said, named after you, lately employed in the mercantile business with a Brotherinlaw by the name of Robt. Venable cousin to the President of the Banck of V.A. in which they have been successfull.

The five oldest Daughters are married & are fruitful two yet single. The third Daughter by the name of Elizabeth I married about 20 years ago, having 8 Children 6 Sons & 2 Daughters very healthy & promising..../s/ Josiah Jackson

[Published in the **Madison Papers** by Robert A. Rutland, Robert J. Brugger, Jeanne K. Sisson, Thomas A. Mason, Susannah H. Jones, Fredrika J. Teute, ed., **The Papers of James Madison Presidential Series** Volume 1 1 March-30 September 1809, (Charlottesville: University Press of VA.,) pp. 217-219.]

If this account is accurate, that would make Henry Madison, "an Old Gentleman", son of Henry Madison, brother of Ambrose Madison (grandfather of President James Madison, Jr.) alive in 1809 and born about 1744.

7 viii. Elinor (~1704-1758)

ix. Francis. Born abt 1710.

x. Roger. Born abt 1714. Roger married **Elizabeth Taliaferro**.

Fourth Generation

4. John Madison III. Born in 1679-1686. John died in 1716; he was 37. Occupation: 1st clerk of Augusta Co., VA.

John Madison III, born ~1686.

John married Ann?.

John 1st Clerk of Augusta Co.

1704 (S) VA Quit Rent Rolls: John Maddison, 300 acres in King & Queen Co., VA.

4/28/1714, John appointed as Justice of King & Queen Co.

2/20/1719, John Madison, Jr., Esq.," patented 400 acres on both sides of the North fork of the South River

in St. Margaret's Parish, King William Co., VA. (S) PB 11, P3.

3/24/1725-6 John received a 2150 acre land patent in in St. Margaret's Parish, King William Co., in which his father is said to be deceased. (S) *PB 12*, *P390*. [This became part of Caroline Co. in 1727.]

10/15/1725, John & Ann Madison were godparents to Mary Camm. (S) *Bible Record of John Camm & Mary Bullock*.

1726-1727 John Madison named in an account book. (S) See Ambrose – these dates.

9/28/1728, Capt. John Madison of King & Queen Co., VA, received a land patent of 1000 acres in Spotsylvania Co., VA, at the foot of a great mountain. (S) *PB 13*, *P350*.

11/4/1734, John Madison of Drysdale Parish, King & Queen, Co., VA, deeded 1000 acres in St. Mark's Parish, Spotsylvania Co., VA, to his niece, Elizabeth Madison, eldest daughter of my brother, Ambrose Madison, lately deceased. (S) *Spotsylvania Co., VA, DB-C*.

3/12/1741-2, John's brother Thomas ordered to lay off the most convenient way for a road from the place where the new church is to be erected. John Madison, ... to assist the surveyors.

1748-49, 1752-54, John a member of the Burgesses. (S) *Legal Journals of the Council of Col. VA*, Waine, PP1036,...

(S) Encyclopedia of Virginia Biography, V1, Publ. 1915.

Children listed as:

James Madison, born ?. President of William & Mary College.

George Madison, born?. Govenor of Kentucky.

John married Ann LNU. It's possible her last name was Camm or Coleman.

They had the following children:

- i. James.
- ii. George.

5. Thomas Madison. Born abt 1693 in Hanover Co., VA. Thomas died in Caroline Co., VA., on 20 Jan 1754; he was 61.

At some point dropped the second "d" in Maddison.

From information posted on the rootsweb gedcoms by Robert Allen boballen1948@sbcglobal.net 1717 Thomas married Joanah (we don't know for certain her last name was Buckner).

4/25/1715, Thomas Maddison appointed Sheriff of King & Queen Co., VA. (S) H. R. McIlwaine, ed., Executive Journals of the Council of Virginia, Vol. III.

7/11/1719, Thomas Madison of King William Co. received a land patent of 330 acres in St. John Parish. (S) PB 10, P428.

4/21/1723 Thomas named godfather to his nephew James, s/o Ambrose, and father of the 4th President.

1726-1727 Thomas Madison named in an account book. (S) See Ambrose – these dates.

3/9/1732-3, Thomas ordered to help appraise an estate. (S) Caroline Co. Court Order Book.

5/11/1739, Thomas ordered to survey the road from the South River Bridge to the Chapel.

3/12/1741-2, Thomas Madison ordered to lay off the most convenient way for a road from the place where the new church is to be erected. John Madison, ... to assist the surveyors.

8/31/1741, a land record cites the lands of Thomas Madison and Roger Maddison.

10/12/1750, a County Levy was ordered to pay Thomas Madison for repairing South River Bridge.

3/8/1750-1, ... Thomas Madison and Roger Madison, set apart Ruth Trice's late Ruth Booth's dower of the estate of Daniel Booth.

9/13/1751, Abraham Estes was ordered to pay Thomas Madison and Roger Madison a witness fee for testifying in a court case.

1/21/1754, Thomas died.

4/13/1758 Joanah died.

(S) <u>Reminiscences of Eastern Oregon</u>, Mrs. Elizabeth Laughlin Lord, 1903, The Irwin-Hodson Co., P231. Lists Children:

John Madison, born 10/26/1719 (listed as J. Madison in this information)

Ambrose Madison, born 3/11/1724.

Jane Madison, born 2/11/1728, 10/24/1767 she died.

Humphrey Madison, born 4/25/1730, 9/12/1756 he died.

Ann Madison, born 7/31/1733.

Sarah Madison, born 2/29/1735. 11/27/1755 she married Thomas Laughlin, born in England; died 12/13/1801 (or 10/31/1801 she died).

Mary Madison, born 5/15/1738.

George Madison, born 10/7/1740.

Roger Madison, born 4/15/1744, 9/12/1768 he died.

Elizabeth Madison, born 5/30/1747.

Thomas married **Johanna Buckner**, daughter of Samuel Buckner & Martha Ellis. (No mention of a Johanna, nor Samuel Buckner & Martha Ellis in the book **The Buckners of Virginia and the allied families of Strother and Ashby** By William Armstrong Crozier, Howard Randolph Bayne. No mention in **Encyclopedia of Virginia Biography**, *Under the Editorial* ..., *Volume* 5, edited by Lyon Gardiner Tyler) She was born in 1698 in Caroline Co., VA. Johanna died on 13 Apr 1758; she was 60.

They had the following children:

- **8** i. John (1719-~1783)
 - ii. Ambrose. Born on 11 Mar 1724.
 - iii. Jane. Born on 11 Feb 1728. Jane died on 24 Oct 1767; she was 39.
- **9** iv. Humphrey (1730-1756)
 - v. Anne. Born on 31 Jul 1733. Anne died in Jefferson Co., KY., in 1804; she was 70. Per Wesley Johnson his ancestor **George Buckner Jr**. 1722-1801 was married to Anne. There Children:
 - 1. Pittman 1757
 - 2. William 1760
 - 3. Philip 1763
 - 4. Nicholas 1766

Anne reportedly also married Capt. John Jones.

- vi. Sarah. Born on 28 Feb 1735. Sarah died on 31 Oct 1801; she was 66. Sarah married **Thomas Laughlin**.
- vii. Mary. Born on 15 May 1738. Mary died in 1812; she was 73. Second wife of Capt. William Buckner. Their Children:
 - 1. William 1758
 - 2. Elizabeth 1760
 - 3. John 1763
 - 4. Anne 1764
 - 5. Jane 1768
 - 6. Matilda 1771
 - 7. Thomas 1774
 - 8. Horace 1777

Mary married **William Buckner**, son of John Buckner & Elizabeth Washington. William died in 1788.

- viii. George. Born on 7 Oct 1740. George married **Mary Daniels**.
- ix. Roger. Born on 15 Apr 1744. Roger died on 12 Sep 1768; he was 24.
- x. Elizabeth. Born on 30 May 1747. Elizabeth married **Francis Buckner**, son of William Buckner & Lucy Thornton. Born in 1741.

6. Ambrose Madison. Born on 14 Mar 1699 in King & Queens Co., Va. Ambrose died in Spotsylvania Co., Va., on 27 Aug 1732; he was 33. Occupation: accountant.

Per <u>The Civil War: A Constitutional Conflict</u> By Terry Jansen page 44 this son Ambrose is the one who married **Frances Taylor**.

1717, James Millener wrote a promissory note to Ambrose. (S) *Shane Collection* of the Presbyterian Historical Society in Philadelphia, PA.

8/24/1721 Ambrose married Frances Taylor, born 8/30/1700. [Ancestor of Pres. Zachary Taylor]. She was the sister to Erasmus Taylor and d/o James Taylor.

11/15/1723, Ambrose and Thomas Chew, received a 4675 acre land patent in Spotsylvania Co. (S) PB 11, P294.

1726, Ambrose a Justice in K&Q Co.

1726-1727 Ambrose kept an account book in which many of his relatives are named. (S) *Shane Collection* 1729, Ambrose and Richard Madison Justices of Caroline Co.

4/11/1732, Ambrose [and others] received a land patent of 10,000 acres in St. George's Parish, Spotsylvania Co.

1732, they moved onto their 2337 acre plantation Mount Pleasant.

7/31/1732, Ambrose wrote his will. His nephew George Penn was a witness.

On 16 March 1731/32, John Madison wrote a letter to his brother, Ambrose Madison at "York River" in which he said: "Brother, I happened to be at Todd's when your goods came up and had seen your letter at Capt. Hills [] hired a man to fix it while I was at work in [] Rosen the taylor put them into the store and could not get them to carry them to Capt. Hill's sloop at ?Cousins? when she was to go round the next day to Tho. Hills thought it to the ready it passage you could have design to fry if Jean get them one yet if you able. Presbyterian Historical Society, Philadelphia, PA, Shane Manuscript Collection, #M265, Item 1] 8/27/1732, a Sunday night, Ambrose died, a resident of Spotsylvania Co., VA. (S) Sarah Catlett [Madison] Macon Bible record. [His children were still very young].

Frances took over running the estate. She was soon marketing tobacco in England.

10/25/1761, Frances died, interred the following Sunday at Montpelier in Orange.

(S) James Madison Sr., father of the 4th President, documented much of this family genealogy. Children:

James Madison Sr, born 3/27/1723.

4/21/1723 James baptized; his aunt Elizabeth Penn & Martha godmothers, uncle Thomas Madison & James Taylor named godfathers.

7/31/1732 James left everything not given to Elizabeth & Frances in his father's will.

9/15/1749, James married 17-year-old Eleanor Rose Conway. [aka "Nelly"]. Her mother was Rebecca Catlett, d/o John.

He residence was "Montpelier" in Orange Co., VA; a Lt Col of the Militia.

2/29/1801 he died.

Child: James Madison Jr, 4th President of the United States.

(S) Encyclopedia of Virginia Biography, V1, Publ. 1915.

(S) Pedigree Chart drawn by Pres. Madison, "Wm & Mary Qrtly", S1,V1,P37.

Elizabeth Madison, born 6/14/1725.

7/3/1725 Elizabeth baptized; Elinor Madison a godmother.

7/31/1732 Elizabeth left 2000 acres in her father's will.

Elizabeth married Richard Beale and lived in Orange Co. (S) DB13, P195.

Frances Madison, born 3/6/1726-7.

4/9/1727 Frances baptized; her Aunt Elizabeth Penn named Godmother.

7/31/1732 Frances left 2000 acres in her father's will.

Frances married Tavern Beale and lived in Orange Co. (S) DB12, P230.

Frances 2nd married Jacob Hite, s/o Joist Hite. [They had a son and a daughter.]

7/1776, Jacob was killed in an Indian battle.

Per **Strength And Honor: The Life Of Dolley Madison** By Richard N. Côté page 137

Ambrose was poisoned by three of his own slaves... although it didn't kill outright, but rather caused sufficient dameage to his system to condemn him to a slow and lingering death over several months. He had shortly moved his family to Mt. Pleasant area in 1732 and began his extensive plantation. The slaves - Pompey who was actually owned by Joseph Hawkins was executed for having conspired with Turk and Dido to commit murder. Turk and Dido were whipped rather than hung when determined to have had less a role in the plot to kill Ambrose.

LAST WILL AND TESTAMENT AMBROSE MADISON

Ambrose the grandfather of President James Madison signed his will in July 1732. It reads as follows:

John Frederick Dorman, Editor, The Virginia Genealogists, Volume 26 Number 4 October –December 1982. Pp. 286-287. Ann Miller, transcriber, "Last Will and Testament of Ambrose Madison"

In The Name of God Amen. I Ambrose Madison of the parish of St. Mark in the county of Spotsylvania, being of Sound Mind and perfect Memory, do make this my last will and Testament in Manner and form following: Imprimis, I recommend my pretious and immortal into the hands of my great Creator, and blessed Redemer, and my body to the Earth to be decently intered at the discretion of my temporoll estate with which it has pleased god to bless me, I give and bequeath (Viz) Item I give and bequeath unto James Coleman and his wife Elender Six hundred acres of land (according to Survay Made by the same more or less,) adjoyning to the sd: Colemans plantation at the litle Mountains, to him and his wife dureing their naturall lifes, and from and after their decease to the heirs of the body of the sd: Elender, lawfully begotten, or to be begotten, and for want of such ishue to return [to?] my heirs - Item I give and bequeath unto Francis {J?}ames two hundred acres of land [accord?]ing as its laid of adjoyning to his plantation at the great Mountains to him his heirs for Ever:- Item I give and bequeath unto Danell Stoghill one hundred and fifty acres of land beginning at a red oak standing in David William's and Abraham Estridge's line, running along the sd: Abraham's line, so far as to lay of the sd: land square to him and his heirs for ever. Item I give and bequeath unto David Roach one hundred and fifty acres of land, to be laid of some part of my land which I have in company with George Braxton Gentlen: and others, According to the discretion of my Executors hearin after named, to him and his heirs for Ever. Item give and bequeath unto my daughter Elizabeth one thousand acres of land adjoyning to the above mentioned land of James Coleman to begin at my uper line, and So r[un] down to the lower line, and also one Thousand acres of land at the Great Mountains lying be[ing the] land [Now] belonging to John Cam[m] Gentlen: and my son James to her and her heirs [forever. I give and bequeath unto] my daughter Frances one thousand acres of land adjoyning to her sister Elizabeth at the litle Mountains and also one thousand acres of land at the Great Mountains, lyeing between the land of my son James on the one sd, and land of Abraham Estridges of the other side to her and her heirs for Ever: Item I give and bequeath unto my son James, all other my lands whatsoever that I am possessed of to him and his heirs for Ever, and that posses the same when he shall arrive to Eighteen years of age: Item I lend unto my Dear and well beloved wife Francis, all and Singular my reall and parsonall estate not before bequeathed for and Dureing the time she shall continue a widow, or untill one of my Children shall marry, at either of which times the hole of the Estate that I have lent to my wife shall be Devided as the law Directs: Item I do hereby Constitute and Opoint my loveing wife, my Brother John Madison Mr. Francis Conway and Joseph Brock Executors and Executrix of this my last will and Testament, and do hereby revoke and Make void all other wills by me heartofore mad in testamoney whereof I have hearunto Set my hand and fix d my Seal this 31st day of July 1732.

Ambrose Madison [Seal]

Signed Sealed: published and declared in the presents of us being Interlined in the Sixth line the word (wife) and in the Eight line the word (him)

James Barbour Robt Martin George Penn

Ambrose married **Frances Thompson Taylor**, daughter of Col. James Walker Taylor Jr. & Martha Montague Thompson. Born on 30 Aug 1700 in Orange Co., Ca. Frances Thompson died in Orange Co., Va., on 25 Nov 1761; she was 61.

They had the following children:

10 i. Col. James Sr. (1723-1801)

11 ii. Elizabeth (1725-1773)

iii. Frances "Fanny". Born on 6 Mar 1726. Frances "Fanny" died in 1778; she was 51. She was married to **Travener Beale** in about 1741:

Children:

- 1. Taverner 1741 m. Elizabeth Hite
- 2. Charles 1743
- 3. Elizabeth 1745
- 4. Frances Madison 1749 m. Thomas Hite

5. Anne 1754 M. Cuthbert Harrison

Frances "Fanny" married second to **Jacob Hite**, son of Joist Hite. Jacob died in 1776.

Children:

- 1. George
- 2. Eleanor
- 3. Susan

Jacob Hite was first married to Catherine O'Bannon with whom he had 3 sons:

- 1. Capt. John Hite m. Sarah?
- 2. Col. Thomas Hite m. Frances Beale (see above)
- 3. Jacob O'Bannon Hite killed by Indians

And 2 daughters:

- 4. Mary m. Rev. Nathaniel Manner
- 5. Elizabeth m. Lawrence Beale
- 7. Elinor Maddison. Born abt 1704. Elinor died in Orange Co., Va., on 22 Feb 1758; she was 54.

7/3/1725, Elinor a godmother to Elizabeth, d/o Ambrose per family bible.

Bef. 7/31/1732, Elinor married James Coleman.

Bef. 2/22/1758, Elinor died in Orange Co.

Elinor married James Coleman. Born in 1705. James died in Orange Co., VA., on 22 Nov 1764; he was 59.

They had the following children:

- i. Betty. Betty married **Thomas Scott**.
- Ambrose. Ambrose died in 1813 in Culpepper Co., VA. Ambrose married Elizabeth Lucas.

Children:

- 1. Madison
- 2. Eleanor Nelly m. Benjamin Adams
- 3. James
- iii. James.
- iv. Mary married George Holland.

Fifth Generation

8. John Madison. Born on 26 Oct 1719. John died in Botecourt Co., Va., abt 1783; he was 63. Occupation: Clerk of the Court.

Per <u>A History of Kentucky and Kentuckians</u> by E. Polk Johnson, ancestry is as presented here... Capt. John Madison the 3rd is also known as "The Clerk". He was NOT the father of Humphrey as many sources contend. Perhaps the confusion lies in that Humphrey's daughter Catharine chose John as her guardian after her father's death.

Founder of Augusta County, Virginia.

Uncle to President James Madison.

A Place Apart: A Brief History of the Early Williamson Road and North ... By Helen R. Prillaman - page 70

Black Horse Tavern and "Bellvue".

The Old Carolina Road followed more or less a straight course south from Cloverdale, towards the Big Lick, following much the same route as the present-day Old Mountain Road. However, when Hollins Road was

built the road was changed to go in front of the Sanderson Farm buildings, coming into Shadwell Drive as good distance below the route followed by the Carolina Road. The old bed of the Carolina Road can still be seen - it came straight by the Black Horse Tavern and Bellvue.

The land in the Cloverdale-Hollins Station was owned in the most part by John Madison and later his son, Thomas Madison.

John Madison, son of John Madison of King and Queen County, a cousin of President James Madison, married Agatha Strother, in 1745. She was a daughter of Major William Strother.

John Madison was active in the defense of the country in the French and Indian War and spent much time recruiting men to fight for the cause. While serving in the frontier campaign he became familiar with the Roanoke area. In 1760 he purchased Ephraim Vause's lands and options as well as purchasing property from the Robinson heirs. However, when Botecourt County was formed he came to the Roanoke are to live. He raised a large family in the area and died in 1783. His widow and children were left much land and property. Among his children, we find that his daughter, Eliza Madison, married Colonel Andrew Lewis (jr.); they lived on a portion of the Vause land. Lucy Madison married William Lewis, son of General Andrew Lewis (Sr.). William Madison, his son, married Elizabeth Preston, daughter of Colonel William Preston. Another son Rowland Madison, married Ann Lewis, daughter of General Andrew Lewis (Sr.). They moved to Kentucky. A son, Rev. James Madison, married Sarah Tate of Williamsburg; he later served as President of William and Mary College and Bishop of Virginia.

His son, Thomas, married Susannah Henry, sister of Patrick Henry. They lived on the Stone House lands on Tinker Creek. Thomas Madison acquired 1410 acres of the Stone House land in 1779 from William Christian, son of Israel Christian, who married Anne Henry, another sister of Patrick Henry.

John first married Eliza Minor. Born in 1710. Eliza died in 1742; she was 32. No children noted.

John second married **Agatha Strother**, daughter of Capt. William Strother III & Margaret Watts. Born in 1726. Agatha died in 1822; she was 96.

They had the following children:

- i. John. Born about 1745-46.
- ii. Thomas. Born in 1746 in Augusta Co., Va. Thomas died in Botecourt Co., Va., in 1798; he was 52. Thomas, married Susannah Henry, sister of Patrick Henry. They lived on the Stone House lands on Tinker Creek. Thomas Madison acquired 1410 acres of the Stone House land in 1779 from William Christian, son of Israel Christian, who married Anne Henry, another sister of Patrick Henry.

Listed as part of the <u>Draper Manuscripts</u> is information concerning this Thomas Madison:

"Thomas was for many years surveyor of Boutetort County; purveyor for the Cherokee expedition of 1776; and prominently connected with the important families of southwest Virginia—the Henrys, Campbells, Christians, Russells, Prestons, etc. His papers are interesting, containing letters (1772.97) from his brothers Gabriel, John (surveyor of Monongalia County), Rowland, James, and George, Col. William Christian and Caleb Wallace from Kentucky, Arthur Campbell, William Fleming, John Brown, Sally Campbell (later Mrs. Francis Preston), and Francis Preston. Among these letters are several discussing the federal constitution, throwing interesting light on the opinions of educated frontiersmen. There are also accounts for the Cherokee campaign (1776), receipt books, John Smith's book of packhorses and packmen, sheriff's fees of Botetourt County (1772), receipt book of Hugh Barcley, a surveyor's book (1777), and William Madison's account book (1780-81) for troops under Col. George Rogers Clark."

The Buckners of Virginia and the allied families of Strother and Ashby

By William Armstrong Crozier, Howard Randolph Bayne Page 222

Lists: "George Thomas Madison, a lawyer of Botecourt married Susanna sister of

Hon. Patrick Henry. Perhaps an error since there is a son named George. Many list this son as George or George Thomas.

Children with Susannah:

- 1. Sarah m. John Clayton Pendleton
- 2. John Henry m. Elizabeth Hancock & Betsy Ware
- 3. Agatha m. Henry Bowyer

There is a constant referral to Thomas Sr. and Thomas Jr. in <u>Kegley's Virginia</u> Frontier.

Thomas married **Susanna Henry**, daughter of John Henry & Sarah Winston. Susanna died in 1831.

iii. Rev. James. Born in 1749. James died in 1812; he was 63.

<u>Virginia, Prominent Families</u>, Vol. 1-4; Volume IV Chapter XIII Hite, Madison, Fontaine and Maury Families. Madison Family.

Protestant Episcopal Bishop, viz., the Rt. Rev. James Madison, b. 1749; d. 1812. He took his degree at William and Mary College at Williamsburg in 1768, was the successful competitor for the Botetourt medal in 1772. He studied law under George Wythe, Chancellor of Virginia, and was licensed to practice, but soon after began to study theology and was ordained in England. He returned to America and in 1778 he was chosen first Bishop of Virginia, returned to England and was consecrated at Lambeth on September 19, 1780. During his first visit to London he attended the lectures on natural science of the celebrated Corvello and on his return to America he was made professor of mathematics and philosophy at William and Mary College. In 1777 he was elected President of the College, though only twenty-eight years old. From the time of his consecration as Bishop he did double duty, combining the duties of President of the College with those of his Bishopric. So enthusiastic and untiring was he in the pursuits of his calling, that he is said to have lectured from four to six hours, every day of the week, up to his last illness. His reputation is that of a refined and accomplished gentleman and an enlightened and liberal philanthropist. Bishop Madison married, first, Sarah Tate, and had two children, James Catesby Madison and Susan Madison, who married R. G. Scott, of Richmond, Va. There were no children by a second marriage. James married Sarah Tate.

- iv. William Strother. Born in 1752. William Strother died in 1782; he was 30.
 William Strother married Elizabeth Preston, daughter of Col. William Preston.
- v. Rowland. Born in 1753. Rowland died in 1798; he was 45.
 Migrated to Kentucky. Rowland married **Ann Lewis**, daughter of Gen. Andrew Lewis Sr..
- vi. Richard. Born in 1754. Richard died in 1785; he was 31. Richard married **Priscilla Preston**.
- vii. Gabriel. Born in 1755 in Botecourt Co., Va. Gabriel died in Jessamine Co., Kentucky, in 1804; he was 49. Gabriel married **Miriam Lewis**.
- viii. George. Born in 1763 in Augusta Co., Va. George died in Bourban Co., Kentucky, in 1816; he was 53. Occupation: Governor of Kentucky.

<u>Virginia</u>, <u>Prominent Families</u>, Vol. 1-4; Volume IV Chapter XIII Hite, Madison, Fontaine and Maury Families. Madison Family.

George Madison was also a distinguished representative of the western branch of the Madisons. His parents, John and Agatha Madison, emigrated to Kentucky when he was an infant. At seventeen he enlisted as a soldier in defence of the "Western Frontier," was in several battles and, in St. Clair's defeat in 1791, was wounded. In the War of 1812 he was an officer. For twenty years he was auditor of public accounts and in 1816 he was elected Governor of Kentucky, for a term of eight years, but he died a few weeks after his election. George Madison married

Jane Smith of Kentucky and left an only daughter, called Myra Madison, who married Andrew Alexander, of Woodford, Ky. Their only daughter Apporrine married Gen. Frank Blair, member of Congress from St. Louis, Mo. George married **Jane Smith**.

- ix. Eliza. Born in 1764. Eliza died in 1788; she was 24. Eliza married **Col. Andrew Lewis Jr.**, son of Gen. Andrew Lewis Sr..
- x. Margaretta. Born in 1765. Margaretta died in 1821; she was 56. Margaretta married **Gen. William McDowell**. Born in Bowling Green, KY.
- xi. Lucy. Born in 1766. Lucy married **William Lewis**, son of Gen. Andrew Lewis Sr.
- **9. Humphrey Madison**. Born on 25 Apr 1730. Humphry/Humphrey died in Ft. Jackson, Allegheny Co., Va., on 12 Sep 1756; he was 26. in 1753 Augusta Co., Va. Occupation: deputy sheriff in 1753.

Several Land Patents Issued from 1748-1770 per <u>Chronicales of the Scotch-Irish Settlement in Virginia</u>. Extraction from the Original Court Records of August County by Lyman Chalkey.

1748 Held patent on Little Calfpasture, Beverley Mannor, Grassy Lick tract delivered 1753.

1749, 478 acres in Calfpasture + 213 acres on Little Calfpasture delivered 1753

1753, 600 acres, Buffalo Creek of Roanoke, Barrens, corner Joshua McCormick, Corraven's Creek - delivered 1762.

1755, Horses and personal property - conveys two bay mares that run at the Falling Spring, one bay mare purchased at sale of Moffett's estate, and 2 colts that run at George Moffet's, 1 bay mare purchased of James Means, one mare purchased of Joseph England, and other various personal property.

1770 - John Madison's bond as guardian to Catherine Madison, orphan of Humphrey Madison.

History of Kentucky and Kentuckians page 1347 by E. Polk Johnson,, Lewis Pub. Co. Contains considerable errors! States Humphrey Madison was the son of John Madison. However other researchers claim he was the son of Thomas. Erronesouly states that Humphrey Madison was killed by Indians in 1764. He actually died in a battle with the Shawnee at Fort Jackson, now Covinton, Allegheny Co. Virginia. Was an Ensign in Capt. Dickenson's Company of Rangers in 1756 and died in the service to his country when he was killed by Indians at Fort Jackson, where Covington Virginia now stands. Step-sons Adam and William Brown were captured.

The abridged compendium of American genealogy: first famillies Vol. 7 1942

Lists Humphrey Madison killed by Indians 1769 was a brother of President Madison m. Mary Dickenson Brown. Error!

Was a first cousin of President James Madison. Actually was an Uncle. This appears to be an error since many repetitions of the names.

December 15, 1756, Adam Dickinson, Wallace Estill and Daniel Harriston were named, as administrators of Humphrey Madison's will - Abtracts of Wills of Augusta County, Will Book 2, page 44. *Have not seen a transcription of this will*.

Humphrey married **Mary Davis Dickenson**, daughter of Adam Dickenson & Catherine Stephenson. Born in 1725. Mary Davis died in Augusta Co., Va., in 1770; she was 45.

They had one child:

i. Catharine (1754-1818)

10. Col. James Madison Sr. Born on 27 Mar 1723 in Caroline Co., VA. James died in Orange Co., Va., in 1801; he was 77. Occupation: Merchant and Planter.

Children and dates from Bible Records by Major Isaac Hite husband of Nelly Conway Madison.

Per The Civil War: A Constitutional Conflict By Terry Jansen page 48 Quotes Ketcham 1994, 19-21 that children are three brothers and two sisters for James: Brothers - Francis b. 1725, Ambrose b. 1727, and William b. 1733. Sisters - Nelly b. 1731 and Sarah the baby b. 1736. States a third sister Elizabeth was born in 1768. No Catlett, John or Reuban are listed which could be because they all died young.

Lived at Mt. Pleasant which after son James married and built a house on the property nearby became known as Montpellier. The Mt. Pleasant's original house burned in the early 1770's.

James married **Eleanor Rose "Nelly" Conway**, daughter of Francis Conway Sr. & Rebecca Catlett. Born in 1731 in Caroline Co., VA. Eleanor Rose "Nelly" died in Orange Co., Va., in 1829; she was 98.

They had the following children:

President James. Born on 5 Mar 1751 in Prince George Co., Va. James died on 28 Jun 1836; he was 85. in 1794. Religion: Anglican.
 Educated at a plantation school on the Richard Beale farm. When he was 11 he was enrolled at Donald Robertson's school on the plantation of Rev. Robert Innes. Per his biographer Ralph Ketcham.

The president could have boasted of his extensive family lines all the way to the queen of England and back to Charlemagne in the eight century. But he never spoke of them beyond his ancestors who founded this country and for five generations were Virignia planters.

He served as Lt. in the Orange County militia during the Revolution but he was not destined to serve in the battlefield. His arena was on the Political Front for Colonial Independence.

Was elected in 1808 by 122 to 47 electoral votes over Charles Pinckney. Was reelected in 1812 by 128 to 89 electoral votes over De Witt Clinton. During his first term 1809-1812 George Clinton served as vice-president; during his second 1813-1814 Elbridge Gerry. From 1814 to 1817 the speaker of the House of Representatives served as vice-president.

Was known as the author of the Bill of Rights and the Father of the Constitution.

James married **Dorothea "Dolley" Payne**, daughter of John Payne & Mary Coles. Born in 1768.

- ii. Francis. Born abt 1754. Francis married Susannah Bell. Nine Children.
- iii. Ambrose. Born in 1755. Ambrose died in 1793; he was 38. Ambrose married Mary Willis Lee.
- iv. Catlett. Born in 1758. Catlett died in 1758; he was <1.
- v. Nellie Conway. Born in 1760. Nellie Conway died in 1802; she was 42. In 1783. Nellie Conway married **Isaac Hite Jr.**.
- vi. William. Born in 1762. William died in 1843; he was 81. William married **Frances "Franny" Throckmorton**. Ten Children with wife Frances. Second wife **Nancy Jarrell**. (no children).
- vii. Sarah Catlett. Born in 1764. Sarah Catlett died in 1843; she was 79. Sarah Catlett married **Thomas Macon**.
- viii. Elizabeth. Born in 1768. Elizabeth died in 1775; she was 7. Died from dysentery oubreak in 1775.
- ix. John. Born in 1770. John died in 1770; he was <1.
- x. Reuban. Born in 1771. Reuban died in 1775; he was 4. Also died in the dysentery outbreak in Orange County in 1775. Mother Nelly also caught this but she survived. Many slaves weren't as fortunate.
- xi. Frances "Fanny" Taylor. Born in 1774. Frances "Fanny" Taylor died in 1823; she was 49. Frances "Fanny" Taylor married **Dr. Robert H. Rose**.

11. Elizabeth Madison. Born on 14 Jun 1725. Elizabeth died on 6 Jan 1773; she was 47.

Also listed as married to a **Richard Beale** in about 1753 and had a daughter named Anne b. about 1755. Another book states she was also married to **William Brockman**.

Elizabeth married **John Willis**, son of Col. Henry Willis & Mildred Howell. Born in 1728. John died in 1750: he was 22.

They had one child:

i. Mary Madison. Born on 18 Dec 1745 in Spotsylvania Co., Va. Mary Madison died in Spotsylvania Co., Va., in 1818; she was 72. in 1763.
 Mary Madison married William Daingerfield. Born in 1740 in Essex Co., Va. William died in Spotsylvania Co., Va., in 1781; he was 41.

Sixth Generation

12. Catharine Madison. Born in 1754 in Balcony Falls, Botencourt Co., Va. Catharine died in 1818; she was 64. Buried in Arbuckle/Craig Cem, South of Point Pleasant.

May 15, 1770 John Madison bond (with Thomas Madison) as guardian to Catherine Madison orphan of Humphrey Madison page 304 of court records.

Third marriage was to William Arbuckle in 1779

She is a 2 cousin 1 x removed from the President James Madison.

Niece of Bishop John Madison of Virginia and niece of the Governor George Madison of Kentucky.

Two youngest daughters may have died during a Yellow Fever epidemic.

Catharine first married **Capt. Robert McClanachan**, son of Robert McClanahan & Sarah Breckenridge. Born on 19 Apr 1747. Robert died in Pt. Pleasant, W.V., on 10 Oct 1774; he was 27. *Married Catharine in 1770. Erronesouly listed as Lt. John McClanachan husband of Catherine Madison in some records.*

Killed at the battle of Point Pleasant.

THE BATTLE OF POINT PLEASANT
Also called "DUNMORE'S WAR"

By James R. McClenahan

After the SPICER massacre and other battles between the white settlers and the Indians, the Indians went on the warpath. It was not a single tribe, but all the tribes in, what was the "Northwest Territory," all the land north of the Ohio River and west to the Mississippi River. The group was led by CORNSTALK, of the Shawnees and King of the Northern Confederacy; BLUE JACKET, Chief of the Shawnees, LOGAN, chief of the Mingoes, and MANKILLER, chief of the Cherokees. The settlers in Virginia raised an army composed of various county militias, and the Southern Army under the command of General Andrew LEWIS, marched north along the Kanewha River, .160 miles to Point Pleasant in a little over .19 days. The Northern Section under Lord DUNMORE, governor of Virginia, was supposed to meet them there. One of the companies was comprised of a group of volunteers from Botetourt County, Virginia, under the command of Captain Robert MCCLENACHAN.

The Indians attempted a surprise attack the morning of .1 0 October .1774, and were discovered by two scouts for General Lewis. A furious battle began just after dawn. It was a terrible scene filled with confused

sounds: The shouting of the whites, the continual roar of the muskets, the war whoops and dismal yelling of the Indians, the ring of rifles, the clubbed guns, flashing knives, hand to hand fighting, screams of mercy, death groans, crashing through brush, and a pistol shot and a shriek here and there in the woods. The Indians finally retreated across the Ohio River at about 4:00 P.M. Seventy five whites were killed, and one hundred and forty-one wounded. The Indians losses were estimated at two hundred and thirty-three, killed and wounded. Capt. Robert MCCLENACHAN Jr. was killed in the battle. The day after the battle, the bodies of the slain men, and the ones who died of wounds during the night, were buried in different places. The officers who were killed were all buried inside the magazine, directly on the upper point of land at the juncture of the rivers.

On 17 Feb. 1908, the United States Congress passed a bill appropriating funds to erect a memorial commemorating the Battle of Point Pleasant as the first battle of the Revolutionary War. A large stone monument has been constructed with bronze plaques listing the killed and wounded. The monument and battlefield are part of Tu-Endie-Wei Park in Mason County, West Virginia. It's name is Shawnee, meaning, "mingling of the waters."

Although the population of America was relatively small at the time, the above evidence describes a historically remarkable coincidence. Chief Logan played a major role in the death of both my paternal ggggggrandfather, Robert, and my maternal ggggg-grandfather, William Spicer. Robert being killed in what is now the state of West Virginia and William Spicer in the state of Pennsylvania. Two men, who knew not of each other, but yet bonded by the future marriage of their descendants. An additional twist of fate had both these men killed in the same year separated by only a few months. Coincidence or fate? Copyright J.R. McClenahan Feb 1998

From the **Draper Manuscripts**, a verse from a popular song about the Point Pleasant battle:
Brave Fields was a Colonel, courageous and bold, Who had been a hero—a hero of old; He received a ball and but these words said, "Fight on brother soldiers and don't be dismayed.""
There was good Captain Buford and old Captain Ward, They were both in the battle and fought very hard, They fought like two heroes, and like heroes did die, And in a short time on the ground there did lie. Of commanders and subalterns great many did die, And like our brave Captains, on the ground there did lie. There was Goldman and Allen and a great many more, Had the honor of dying on the Ohio shore. There was Capt. John Murray, and McClanahan, They were both in the field when the battle was begun, They fought like two heroes, and like heroes did die, And in a short time on the ground they did lie.58
There's cowardly Haynes, I am sorry for him His valiant Lieutenant commanded his men While he poor soul in the brush work did lie Like a rogue in a halter, condemned to die.

From HEROES OF BATTLE OF POINT PLEASANT

Captain Robert McClenahan page 633

The troops that marched away from Camp Union felt very comfortable in having two good surgeons with them, Colonel Fleming and Captain McClenahan. The last named brave officer was a son of the emigrant of the same name and came to Augusta county at an early day, the exact date not being known. His mother was Sarah Breckinridge, a daughter, or sister, of Alexander Breckinridge. If a daughter her name was not given in his oath of importation, but she was the wife of Robert McClenahan when the family came to the valley. His two brothers and his father were prominent in the military affairs of the colony. His father bought from Robert Beverly a tract of land in 1748 and on this farm, located south of the town of Staunton, the McClenahan brothers were brought up. Robert McClenahan was the friend of Captain John Stuart, the distinguished pioneer and soldier, and one of the most scholarly men of that day. With Captain Stuart and William Rennix they made the first permanent settlement in Greenbriar county, near the present town of Frankfort, in 1764.

Robert McClenahan married Catherine Madison, a noted belle of Augusta county. He left his young wife and two sons when he marched with the expedition. He raised his company in Botetourt and they were with the re-inforcements sent out after the wounding of Lewis and Fleming. He was mortally wounded, died the night after the battle and was buried in the "magazine." His widow married the gallant soldier William Arbuckle, who fought in the battle; they came from Greenbriar to fort Randolph and lived during the troublesome times that afterward followed. Two children were born to them in the fort; their eldest was born in fort Donnelly,

near Lewisburg. The grave of Catharine (Madison-McClenahan) Arbuckle is to be seen beside that of her second husband in a quiet little graveyard on the Kanawha river; and a stranger would never know from the modest epitaph that Kitty Madison who had lived through such stormy days in and around fort Randolph, rests there. Her two sons went to Kentucky and their descendants are scattered over the west. Alexander McClenahan, brother of this Captain Robert McClenahan, was captain of an Augusta company, survived the battle and fought in the Revolution. He was made colonel of the Seventh Virginia Regiment. He resigned in 1778, and was made clerk of Augusta county. His wife was a sister of Patrick Henry's first wife. He had one son, who died unmarried, and two daughters. He was at the battle of Great Bridge near Norfolk, Va., December 9, 1775, in which every British general was killed without loss to the Virginians. He served under Andrew Lewis at Williamsburg, in 1776. zation has long since displaced the stone, but in 1874 when an examination was made of the graves three skeletons were found side by side; one was identified as that of Colonel Lewis by the location of the wound, and also a fragment of the log tree coffin. Who was the third? This article was repeated in the American Historical Magazine Vol.3

They had the following children:

i. Robert III (1772-1822)ii. John (1774-1847)

Catharine second married **William Poague**, son of Col. George Poage Sr. & Rachel McClung Stevenson. Born in 1754 in Augusta Co., Va. William died in Augusta Co., Va., in 1777; he was 23. *Surname is also spelled Poage*.

The History of West Virginia by Virgil Anson Lewis in 1887 doesn't mention Poague as one of Catharine's husbands...

However the book A history of Kentucky and kentuckians Vol 3 by E. Polk Johnson does mention this union.

The book The McCUES of the Old Dominion, tells of this union.

Married to Catharine Madison 1776 for 10 months before he died.

They had one child:

William Jr. Born in 1778. Married? and was the grandfather of George Washington Poague 1822*1873 who married Sarah McCue Wilson 1820-1877 d/o Bryden W. Wilson and Rebecaa Hamilton. They had four children: Lou Ella, John Thomas, George Daniel b. 11 April 1859, and Luemma in Audrain Co., Missouri. Can find nothing more on this person... perhaps he carried the Arbuckle name after his own father's death?

Migrated to Missouri.

Catharine third married **Capt. William Arbuckle**, son of James Arbuckle & Margaret Thompson. Born in Mar 1752 in Balcony Falls, Botecourt Co., Va. William died in Mason Co., W. Va., on 21 Mar 1836; he was 84.

They had the following children:

15	i.	Jane Madison (1780-1826)
16	ii.	Margaret Thompson (1782-1837)
17	iii.	Mary Dickenson (1784-1847)
	iv.	William. Born in 1788. William died in 1805; he was 17.
18	v.	Elizabeth (1790-1861)
19	vi.	Catharine "Kitty" Brown (~1793-1859)
	vii.	Nancy. Born in 1796. Nancy died in 1801; she was 5.
	viii.	Frances Littlepage. Born in 1798. Frances Littlepage died in 1801; she was 3.

Seventh Generation

13. Robert McClanahan III. Born in 1772. Robert died in Barren Co., KY, in 1822; he was 50. in 1797 Augusta Co., Va.

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page 258 June 16, 1789 Robert McClenachan, orphan of Robert, chose Alexander McClenachan his guardian.

Robert married Sarah Abney, daughter of John Abney & Isabella VanLear. Born in 1776.

They had one child:

- i. Jane Ann (1804-1880)
- 14. John McClenachan. Born in 1774. John died in 1847; he was 73. Occupation: Justice of the Peace.

Settled in Saint Genevive, Missouri, which was part of the Louisiana Territory at the time 1797.

John married Lydia Burns

Children:

- 1. James 1798-1873 m. Susan Peyton & Matilda Manning
- 2. Mary Ann 1808 m. Henri Bequette
- 3. Madison 1812-1869 m. Mary Virginia Frazier
- 4. John Burns 1815-1907 m. Sarah A. Cunningham
- 5. Michael B. 1816-1868 m. Amanda Sebastian
- 6. Spicer 1824-1888 m. Sarah Carlisle
- **15. Jane Madison Arbuckle**. Born on 2 Apr 1780 in Fort Savannah aka Lewisburg, Kanawha Co., VA. Jane Madison died in Sep 1826; she was 46. in 1796. Jane Madison married **Joseph McMullen**, son of Edward McMullen & Sarah Diana Robinson. Born in 1777. Joseph died in 1860; he was 83. They had the following children:
 - i. Susan (1798-1801)
 - ii. William Arbuckle (1799-1850)
 - iii. Katherine Madison (1801-1835)
 - iv. Mary D. (1803-1836)
 - v. Madison Brown (1805-1888)
 - vi. Elizabeth (1808-)
 - vii. Jane Ann (1810-1853)
 - viii. John Nelson (1812-)
 - ix. Alexander L. (1815-1889)
 - x. Joseph (1817-1835)
- **16. Margaret Thompson Arbuckle**. Born on 26 Mar 1782 in Ft. Randolph, WV. Margaret Thompson died in St. Louis, MO., on 28 Aug 1837; she was 55.

Margaret was coerced into marrying a neighbor's son Capt. Robinson or Robertson by whom she had seven children.

(Copied by a descendant from Anne Royal's "Letters from Alabama" published in 1830, a rare and valuable book.) Jan. 18, 1818, Melton's Bluff, Ala.

"Upon my return once from Ohio, I put up at a Mr. Jones' on Kentucky River. Mrs. Jones was the daughter of Capt. Arbuckle of Greenbriar Co., VA, with whom you must be acquainted. Mr. Arbuckle had several handsome and sensible daughters. Mr. Jones addressed one of them, but Capt. Arbuckle opposed their union and forbade Jones to enter the house. Finally through persuasion he forced his daughter to marry the son of

Capt. ? Robertson,(sp) a near neighbor of mine. Upon this, Jones abandoned the country. As soon as Robertson married the girl he moved with her to Natches and I heard no more of them. I did see a publication in the newspaper of a female travelling through the Indian nation without protection and that she had six children entered the state of Kentucky near famished. Mrs. Jones was that woman! Her own narrative follows: I was forced to marry Mr. R and moved to Natchez. Finally my husband took sick and died. By this time we had seven children. I struggled with sickness and hardship until finally I arrived in Kentucky, where my father sent for me and, after four months, arrived in Greenbriar.'

Jones was still unmarried and rich. He heard of Robinson's death and looked up the widow and they were soon married. They had been married about two years when I saw her there was then one child by that union."

So who are the children of the Robinson/Robertson union?

Margaret Thompson first married **Benjamin Harrison Jones**, son of James Boisseau Jones & Anne Gilliam. (This information garnered via the Internet and may or may not be true) Born in 1772. Benjamin Harrison died in St. Louis, MO., on 8 Jun 1835; he was 63.

They had the following children:

- i. Ramsay Crooks (never married)
- ii. Wilson Price Hunt
- iii. William Arbuckle
- iv. Rowena
- v. Elvira
- vi. Melinda

17. Mary Dickenson Arbuckle. Born on 4 Apr 1784 in Randolph Co., WV. Mary Dickenson died in Madison Co., IN., on 23 Sep 1847; she was 63.

Mary Dickenson married **John Griffith Nelson**, son of Richard Nelson & Elizabeth Griffith. Born in 1777 in Charles Co., MD. John Griffith died in Madison Co., IN., in 1847; he was 70. Information from descendant Nelda Foster Barkley (5th cousin).

They had the following children:

- i. William Arbuckle (1807-1876)
- ii. Davis Griffith (1809-)
- iii. Eliza Jane (1811-1881)
- iv. Thompson
- v. John G.
- vi. Mary Ann
- vii. Catherine Madison
- viii. Elizabeth R.
- ix. Francis
- x. John William
- xi. Susan (1827-1873) m. Washington Fort
- xii. Agnes
- xiii. Magdalen

18. Elizabeth Arbuckle. Born on 15 Jul 1790. Elizabeth died on 29 Jul 1861; she was 71. Buried in Samuel Alexander Cem., Aka Armstrong-Wilson or Upton Cemetery, Mason Co., WV.

Elizabeth married **Samuel Alexander**, son of Matthew Alexander & Jane Black. Born on 17 May 1784 in Waynesboro, Virginia. Samuel died in Virginia on 6 Nov 1874; he was 90.

They had the following children:

- i. William Thomas (<1807-1807)
- ii. Matthew Thomas (~1815-1844)
- iii. William Arbuckle (1816-1885)

- iv. Catharine Madison (1818-1892)
- v. Andrew Black (1826-)
- **19. Catharine "Kitty" Brown Arbuckle**. Born abt 1793 in Mason Co., W. Va. Catharine "Kitty" Brown died in 1859; she was 66.

Catharine "Kitty" Brown first married **William Langtry**. Born abt 1793 in Ireland. William died in 1824; he was 31.

They had the following children:

- i. Anna
- ii. Margaret Catherine (1818-)
- iii. Arbuckle
- iv. William
- v. Archibald
- vi. Hillery J.

Catharine "Kitty" Brown second married **James Kennerly Craig**, son of George Craig & Katherine "Kitty" Kennerly. Born in 1794 in Tinkling Springs, Augusta Co., VA. James Kennerly died in Buffalo, WV., in 1854; he was 60.

They had the following children:

- i. George William (1827-1897)
- ii. Kennerly (1830-1874)
- iii. Harriet (1832-1872)
- iv. Mary Jane (1835-1872)

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Please submit corrections or additions.